

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 11, 13, 15, and 16.

Please add new claims 21-23.

Please amend the following claims.

1. (Original) An electronic device comprising:

a substrate having at least one build up layer,

a semiconductor die, and

at least one interconnect disposed between the substrate and the

semiconductor die,

wherein the substrate is bonded with the semiconductor die by the at least

one interconnect,

wherein the at least one build up layer comprises at least one binder and at

least one filler, and

wherein the at least one filler has a negative coefficient of thermal expansion.
2. (Original) The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the at least one filler

comprises zirconium tungstate.
3. (Original) The electronic device of claim 2, wherein the zirconium tungstate is

a crystalline compound having a nearly isotropic coefficient of thermal expansion of

approximately -4.9ppm/degree C or less over at least the temperature range of -50 degrees C to +250 degrees C.

4. (Original) A substrate for use in an electronic device, comprising:
 - a core,
 - at least one conductive layer,
 - at least one build up layer having at least one binder and at least one filler,
 - wherein the at least one filler has a negative coefficient of thermal expansion.
5. (Original) The substrate of claim 4, wherein the at least one filler comprises zirconium tungstate.
6. (Original) The substrate of claim 5, wherein the zirconium tungstate is a crystalline compound having a nearly isotropic coefficient of thermal expansion of approximately -4.9ppm/degree C or less over at least the temperature range of -50 degrees C to +250 degrees C.
7. (Original) A material for use as a build up dielectric layer for a substrate, comprising:
 - at least one binder, and
 - at least one filler,
 - wherein the at least one filler has a negative coefficient of thermal expansion.

8. (Original) The material of claim 7, wherein the at least one filler comprises zirconium tungstate.
9. (Original) The material of claim 8, wherein the zirconium tungstate is a crystalline compound having a nearly isotropic coefficient of thermal expansion of approximately -4.9ppm/degree C or less over the temperature range of -50 degrees C to +250 degrees C.
10. (Currently Amended) An electronic device comprising:
- a semiconductor die,
 - a next level package,
 - at least one interconnect disposed between the semiconductor die and the next level package, and
 - an underfill disposed at least in part between the semiconductor die and the next level package,
 - wherein the semiconductor die is bonded with the next level package by the at least one interconnect,
 - wherein the semiconductor die is bonded with the next level package by the underfill,
 - wherein the underfill comprises at least one binder and at least one filler, and
 - wherein the at least one filler ~~has a negative coefficient of thermal expansion;~~
comprises zirconium tungstate;

wherein the zirconium tungstate is a crystalline compound having a nearly isotropic coefficient of thermal expansion of approximately -4.9ppm/degree C or less over the temperature range of -50 degrees C to +250 degrees C.

11. (Cancel)

12. (Currently Amended) The electronic device of claim ~~11~~ 10, wherein the underfill is a no-flow underfill.

13. (Cancel)

14. (Currently Amended) A method of bonding a semiconductor die with a next level package, comprising:

providing at least one interconnect;

providing an underfill material having at least one binder and at least one filler,

~~the at least one filler having a negative coefficient of thermal expansion;~~

wherein the at least one filler comprises zirconium tungstate;

wherein the zirconium tungstate is a crystalline compound having a nearly isotropic coefficient of thermal expansion of approximately -4.9ppm/degree C or less over the temperature range of -50 degrees C to +250 degrees C;

arranging the semiconductor die, the next level package, the at least one interconnect and the underfill material such that the at least one interconnect is

disposed so as to be capable of joining the semiconductor die with the next level package and such that the underfill material is disposed at least in part between the semiconductor die and the next level package;

causing the at least one interconnect to bond the semiconductor die with the next level package; and

causing the underfill material to bond the semiconductor die with the next level package.

15. (Cancel)

16. (Cancel)

17. (Original) An electronic system comprising:

an electronic device having a substrate, the substrate having at least one build up layer and at least one conductive layer,

wherein the build up layer comprises at least one binder and at least one filler, and

wherein the at least one filler has a negative coefficient of thermal expansion.

18. (Original) The electronic system of claim 17, wherein the at least one filler comprises zirconium tungstate.

19. (Original) The electronic system of claim 18, wherein the zirconium tungstate is a crystalline compound having a nearly isotropic coefficient of thermal expansion

of approximately -4.9ppm/degree C or less over the temperature range of -50 degrees C to +250 degrees C.

20. (Original) An electronic system comprising:

an electronic device having a semiconductor die bonded with a next level package by an underfill disposed at least in part between the semiconductor die and the next level package,

wherein the underfill comprises at least one binder and at least one filler,

wherein the at least one filler comprises crystalline zirconium tungstate having a nearly isotropic coefficient of thermal expansion of approximately -4.9ppm/degree C or less over the temperature range of -50 degrees C to +250 degrees C.

21. (New Claim) The electronic system of claim 20, wherein

the next level package is chosen from the group comprising of substrates, interposers, printed wiring boards, and printed circuit boards.

22. (New Claim) A method of making an electronic device comprising:

providing a substrate having at least one build up layer;

providing a semiconductor die, and

forming at least one interconnect disposed between the substrate and the semiconductor die,

wherein the substrate is bonded with the semiconductor die by the at least one interconnect,

wherein the at least one build up layer comprises at least one binder and at least one filler, and

wherein the at least one filler has a negative coefficient of thermal expansion.

23. (New Claim) The method of claim 22, wherein
the at least one filler comprises zirconium tungstate.